



Personal Responsibility In Delivering Excellence

PE Progression Overview

National Curriculum Aims and Purpose

Purpose of study - A high-quality physical education curriculum inspires all pupils to succeed and excel in competitive sport and other physically demanding activities. It should provide opportunities for pupils to become physically confident in a way that supports their health and fitness. Opportunities to compete in sport and other activities build character and help to embed values such as fairness and respect.

Aims - The national curriculum for Physical Education aims to ensure that all pupils:

- develop competence to excel in a broad range of physical activities
- are physically active for sustained periods
- engage in competitive sports and activities
- lead healthy, busy lives

Attainment targets - By the end of each key stage, pupils are expected to know, apply and understand the matters, skills and processes specified in the relevant programme of study.

about music. Watch and talk about dance. Develop storylines.

Intent

Physical Education is a beautiful opportunity to develop the whole child. Children are entitled to a rich, broad and balanced PE curriculum. Through PE, children should develop behaviour and attitudes that will benefit them throughout school life and beyond.

Children should

- experience a broad range of activities through curriculum PE time, including gymnastics, dance, games, outdoor
 education, athletics, and swimming.
- Know how to stay fit, healthy, and active and enjoy doing so, choosing to engage in physical activity and sport in their
 own time.
- · Learn to win and lose, support others and be supported, showing sportsmanship and good character.
- Work as part of a team towards a common goal as well as individually improving their performance.
- Be allowed to be creative in a range of activities.
- Play competitively, respecting officials and other players.
- Develop spiritually, morally and culturally through diverse activities and opportunities.

Quality physical education can develop the whole child:

- Strengthening thinking and decision-making skills
- Building and increasing confidence and self-esteem
- Developing character and resilience
- · Enhancing their commitment and desire to improve
- Allowing opportunities for enjoyment, fun and free-spiritedness
- Fostering feelings of safety and security



Links to learning in EYFS	Cross-curricular Links
Personal, social and emotional development - Show resilience and perseverance. Think about	Maths - Using numbers, arithmetic, collecting, recording, and interpreting data. Measuring,
the perspective of others. Know and talk about the aspects that affect their overall health,	estimating, averaging, counting, using a clock and digital readout.
such as regular exercise and healthy eating.	
Physical development - Revise and refine fundamental movement skills such as rolling and	Literacy - Developing a broad vocabulary and using in the correct context. Developing speaking
jumping. Develop overall agility, balance, coordination and strength. Develop small motor	and listening skills. Describing, arguing, interpreting, and explaining.
skills. Use their core muscle strength. Combine different movements with ease and fluency.	
Confidently and safely use small and large apparatus. Develop ball skills such as throwing for	Music - Moving in response to music, recognising themes, genres, culture and stories linked to
accuracy. Understanding the world - Draw information from a simple map. Describe what	music through dance.
they see, hear and feel outside. Expressive arts and design - Listen attentively, move and talk	

et	Progressive PE Areas									
Athle	•	Nursery	Reception / F2	Yr1	Yr2	Yr3	Yr4	Yr5	Yr6	

			PSED:	Physical Development:	Master basic movements	Master basic movements	Use running, jumping,	Use running, jumping,	Use running, jumping,	Use running, jumping,
			Birth to three: Look back as they crawl	Reception Aged Children: Revise and refine the	including running, jumping,	including running, jumping,	throwing, and catching in isolation.	throwing, and catching in isolation.	throwing, and catching in isolation.	throwing, and catching in isolation.
			or walk away from their	fundamental movement	throwing, and catching as well as developing balance, agility	throwing, and catching as well as developing balance, agility	isolation.	isolation.	isolation.	isolation.
			key person. Look for	skills they have already	and coordination and begin to	and coordination and begin to	Develop strength, technique,	Develop strength, technique,	Develop strength, technique,	Develop strength, technique,
			clues about how to	acquired:	apply these in a range of	apply these in a range of	control, and balance.	control, and balance.	control, and balance.	control, and balance.
			respond to something interesting.	- rolling - running	activities.	activities.				
			meresung.	- crawling						
			Physical Development:	- hopping						
			Birth to three:	- walking						
			Enjoy moving when outdoors and inside.	- skipping - jumping						
			Begin to crawl in	- climbing						
			different ways and	Progress towards a more						
	Statements		directions.	fluent style of moving, with						
	<u>-</u>		Gradually gain control of	developing control and						
	Ĕ		their whole body through continual	grace. Develop overall body-						
	ē		practice of large	strength, balance,						
	at		movements, such as	coordination, and agility						
	St		waving, kicking, rolling,	needed to engage						
			crawling, and walking. Walk, run, jump and	successfully with future physical education sessions						
	5		climb – and start to use	and other physical						
	Curriculum		the stairs independently.	disciplines, including dance,						
	<u>.5</u>		3- and 4-Year-Olds:	gymnastics, sport, and						
	2		Match their developing	swimming. Use their core muscle						
	7		physical skills to tasks	strength to achieve a good						
			and activities in the	posture when sitting at a						
	Statutory		setting. For example,	table or sitting on the floor.						
	t		they decide whether to crawl, walk or run across	Confidently and safely use a range of large and small						
	2		a plank, depending on its	apparatus indoors and						
	<u> </u>		length and width.	outdoors, alone and in a						
	St			group.						
				Develop overall body						
				strength, balance, coordination, and agility.						
				ELG: Gross Motor Skills:						
				Negotiate space and						
				obstacles safely, with consideration for themselves						
				and others.						
				Demonstrate strength,						
				balance and coordination						
				when playing. Move energetically, such as						
				running, jumping.						
			Experiences for F1 to	Agility-based activities	Pupils will begin to link running	Develop power, agility,	Control movements and body	Using running, jumping and	A Sustain pace over short and	Become confident and expert
			ensure:	moving and controlling objects	and jumping.To learn and refine a range of	coordination and balance over a variety of activities.	actions in response to specific instructions.	throwing stations, children investigate in small groups	longer distances such as running 100m and running for	in a range of techniques and recognise their success.
			Travel with some control	Recognise different actions	running which includes varying	Can throw and handle a	Demonstrate agility and speed.	different ways of performing	2 minutes.	Apply strength and flexibility
			and coordination	such as: moving softly,	pathways and speeds.	variety of objects including	Jump for height and distance	these activities.	Able to run as part of a relay	to a broad range of throwing,
	_		Change direction at	quietly, quickly, powerfully	Develop throwing techniques	quoits, beanbags, balls, hoops. •	with control and balance.	• Using a variety of	team working at their	running and jumping
ics	E	ě	speed through both choice and instructions	Relate body movements to music and percussion	to send objects over long	Can negotiate obstacles	Throw with speed and power	Using a variety of equipment, ways of	maximum speed. • Perform a range of jumps	activities. Work in collaboration and
Ę	_	je.	Stop, start, pause,		distances.	showing increased control of	and apply appropriate force.	measuring and timing,	and throws demonstrating	demonstrate improvement
Athleti	್ರರ	2	prepare for and		 Increase stamina and core strength needed to undertake 	body and limbs. • Improve running and jumping		comparing the effectiveness	increasing power and	when working with self and
다	<u>-</u>	é	anticipate movement in		athletics activities.	movements, work for sustained		of different styles of runs,	accuracy.	others.
Ā	Curricu	Overvi	a variety of situations		Take part in a broad range of	periods of time.		jumps and throws.		 Accurately and confidently measure and time keep for
	O				opportunities to extend	Reflect on activities and make				both track and field events
					strength, balance, agility and	connections between a healthy				
					coordination.	active lifestyle.				
					Cooperate with others to carry out more complex tasks	Experience and improve on jumping for distance and height				
					carry out more complex tasks	jumping for distance and neight				
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Athletics	PE HUB Skills	Demo agility in variety of games. Recognise & follow instructions. Experiment with starting & stopping positions. Perform fast & slow movements. Show control to stop & perform actions.	Play games, take turns. Move by inching, crawling & jumping. Jump for speed and distance. Recognise cues in lyrics to change actions. Use strength to maintain a body shape.	Starting and stopping at speed. Show power in run, use arms. Take off on two feet. Use leading arm to throw. Compete in relay teams. Perform agile movements. Work for sustained periods of time. Negotiate obstacles. Jumping and bounding. Run from different starting positions.	ware of others when running in space. Create more power with legs and apply to agility test. Select best throw for conditioned games. Perform some static and dynamic balances. Explore their emotions around different challenges. Attempt more accuracy in throws. Perform under pressure. Explore breathing techniques.	Combination jumps. Recognising and performing different paced runs. Approaching hurdles. Pull action when throwing. Skipping technique. Recording scores accurately.	Aiming at targets. Accelerating over short distances. Taking off from run with one foot to increase distance. Sling action when throwing. Perform baton exchanges	Prepare to run an individual leg. Develop further the principles of pace. Steeplechase and jump for distance. Push action when throwing. Baton exchange within restricted area. Run up for long jump	Sprint start techniques. Developing the phases of triple jump to jump for distance. Use the heave throw technique. Assess own ability in running tasks. Scissor jump preparation for high jump. Quad track and field competition.
4	Key Vocab		Demonstrative egitty in a writing of garess. Recognitive out of their industration. programming frequency of their industration. programming frequency of their industration of their industration of their industration of their industration of their industration. programming frequency of their industration of their industratio	This continue of the continue	Expression of prices Service S	Confinition (1958). Confinition (1968). Confinition (1968). Recognise different panel. Approaching hardes. Approaching hardes. Pall throns. Recording points.	Stage Accession of Parks Accession of the Open Accession of the Op	Exc. Numerical plants Busines, relay, futor, labely legs Busines, relay, futor, labely legs Busines, relay, futor, labely futor, label	Extra processor process Surfage, refer.

				Progressive I	PE Areas			
	Nursery	Reception / F2	Yr1	Yr2	Yr3	Yr4	Yr5	Yr6
Dance Statutory Curriculum Statements	Physical Development: Birth to three: Clap and stamp to music 3- and 4-Year-Olds: Skip, hop, stand on one leg and hold a pose for a game like musical statues. Use large-muscle movements to wave flags and streamers, paint and make marks. Are increasingly able to use and remember sequences and patterns of music that are related to music and rhythm. Expressive Arts and Design: Birth to three: Move and dance to music. 3- and 4-Year-Olds: Respond to what they have heard, expressing their thoughts and feelings.	Physical Development: Reception Aged Children: Progress towards a more fluent style of moving, with developing control and grace. Develop overall body-strength, balance, coordination, and agility needed to engage successfully with future physical education sessions and other physical disciplines, including dance, gymnastics, sport, and swimming. Use their core muscle strength to achieve a good posture when sitting at a table or sitting on the floor. Combine different movements with ease and fluency. Develop overall body strength, balance, coordination, and agility. ELG: Gross Motor Skills: Negotiate space and obstacles safely, with consideration for themselves and others. Demonstrate strength, balance and coordination when playing. Move energetically, such as running, jumping, dancing, hopping, skipping, and climbing. Expressive Arts and Design: Reception Aged Children: Explore, use, and refine a variety of artistic effects to express their ideas and feelings. Return to and build on their previous learning, refining ideas and developing their ability to represent them. Create collaboratively, sharing ideas, resources, and skills. Listen attentively, move to, and talk about music, expressing their feelings and responses. Watch and talk about dance and performance art, expressing their feelings and responses. Explore and engage in music making and dance, performing solo or in groups. ELG: Being imaginative and Expressive: Perform songs, rhymes, poems, and stories with others, and (when appropriate) try to move in time with music.	Perform dances using simple movement patterns.	Perform dances using simple movement patterns. Compare their performances with previous ones and demonstrate improvement to achieve their personal best.	Perform dances using a range of movement patterns. Compare their performances with previous ones and demonstrate improvement to achieve their personal best.	Perform dances using a range of movement patterns. Compare their performances with previous ones and demonstrate improvement to achieve their personal best.	Perform dances using a range of movement patterns. Compare their performances with previous ones and demonstrate improvement to achieve their personal best.	Perform dances using a range of movement patterns. Compare their performances with previous ones and demonstrate improvement to achieve their personal best.

Dance	Curriculum Skills	Recognise that actions can be reproduced in time to music; beat patterns, and different speeds • Perform a wide variety of dance actions, both similar and contrasting • Copy, repeat and perform simple movement patterns	Count and move to beats of 8. Copy and repeat movement patterns. Work as an individual, in partners, and as a group.	Respond to a range of stimuli and types of music. • Explore space, direction, levels and speeds . • Experiment creating actions and performing movem ents with different body parts. • Able to build simple movement patterns from given actions. • Compose and link actions to make simple movement phrases. • Respond appropriately to supporting concepts such as canon and levels.	Describe and explain how performers can transition and link shapes and balances. Perform basic actions with control and consistency at different speeds and on different levels. Challenge themselves to move imaginatively responding to music. Work as part of a group to create and perform short movement sequences to music. Perform using more sophisticated formations as well as an individual Explore relationships through different dance formations Explain the importance of emotion and feeling in dance. Use the stimuli to copy, repeat and create dance actions and motifs.	Practise different sections of a dance aiming to put together a performance . • Perform using facial expressions . • Perform with a prop . • Building stylistic qualities of Barn Dance through repetition and applying movement to own bodies . • Building basic creative choreography skills in travelling, dynamics and partner work in the specific style of Barn Dance	Work to include freeze frames in routines. • Practise and perform a variety of different formations in dance. • Develop a dance to perform as a group with a set starting position. • Developing choreography and devising skills in relation to a theme. • Exploring dynamic quality and formations to communicate character. • Concentrating on a specific theme throughout and linking all activities to the communication of this to an audience.	Perform different styles of dance fluently and clearly . Refine & improve dances adapting them to include the use of space rhythm & expression. Worked collaboratively in groups to compose simple dances. Recognise and comment on dances suggesting ideas for improvement . Developing choreography and devising skills in relation to a theme. Exploring dynamic quality and formations to communicate character . Concentrating on one simple theme throughout and linking all activities to the communication of this to an audience.	Work collaboratively to include more complex compositional ideas • Develop motifs and incorporate them into self composed dances as individuals, pairs & group s • Talk about different styles of dance with understanding, using appropriate language & terminology • Developing group devices and greater use of teamwork • Demonstrating narrative through contact and relationships • Showing tension through pattern and formation
Dance	PE Hub skills	Link colours to feelings. Explore animal movements and levels. Replicate actions in larger groups. Sequence work. Explore leader or follower work	Learning and repeating actions through circle dance. Perform to the count of 8. Copy and repeat 4 actions. Perform an African dance motif.	Exploring storytelling through dance. Use a theme to create a dance. Develop actions to express friendship. Dance with a start, middle and end. Perform with feeling. Perform actions to nursery rhymes. March in time. Move and turn as a group. Perform simple cannon and in rounds.	Dance in solo and duet. Explore creative footwork. Discuss how a dance can develop. Respond to visual stimulus. Comment on contrasting actions. Use the theme of a clockface to develop a dance. Perform 'freestyle' moves. Perform a motif to music. Explore movement pathways.	Perform a jazz square. Perform two contrasting characters. Communicate ideas as part of a group. Use a prop in a 4-action dance phrase. Discuss examples of professional work. Create your own floor patterns. Demonstrate stylistic elements of a barn dance. Apply feedback to improve your own performance.	Develop dance freeze frames. Perform a slide and roll. Replicate a set phrase. Work collaboratively to sequence movements. Create a 5- action routine. Use formations to tell a story. Perform without prompts. Use devices to manipulate movements. Perform contact work as a group. Identify strengths in their performance.	Perform locomotor and nonlocomotor movements in a dance phrase. Describe the key features of line dancing. Work collaboratively in a group of 4. Use basic knowledge of line dancing steps to create your own line dance. Copy and perform a specific dance action to communicate a theme. Communicate the idea of a hero. Copy and execute a high energy jump sequence. Create a low-level attack sequence.	Explore space in a deeper way in relation to dance. Identify appropriate dynamics and group formations for the Hakka. Perform some basic street dance skills. Compose a street dance performance. Create a phrase of gestures that communicate a theme. Describe the meaning/purpose of several different devices. Show formations that create tension and relationships. Create and perform a live aural setting.
۵	Key Vocabulary		Link colours to freeling Engine annuit innovements. Is levels Engine annuit innovements. Is levels Engine annuit innovements. Is levels Engineting a direct in larger groups Sections sequence exist. Engineting laxies and follower work Engineting laxies and follower work Engineting laxies and follower work Engineting laxies and followers work Engineting laxies and engineting physics Further to the count of Engineting Afficial, engine	Conjunction of the conjunction o	Description Descri	Bug years before the content of the	Executive Content Co	Registration and history Apple are that individual actions. Profit in revision and actions. Profit in revision and in action of the control o	Regional Securities White Instance and extension to exclude looky. Modify, street regions agrees are indicrerable in Securities. Securities and present full control agreement and present data. Parties never best book control with the Parties of the Parties of the Parties of Parties

				Progressi	ve PE Areas			
	Nursery	Reception / F2	Yr1	Yr2	Yr3	Yr4	Yr5	Yr6
NC Curriculum Statements	PSED: 3- and 4-Year-Olds: Increasingly follow rules, understanding why they are important. Do not always need an adult to remind them of a rule. Physical Development: Birth to three: Enjoy moving when outdoors and inside. Enjoy starting to kick, throw and catch balls. 3- and 4-Year-Olds: Continue to develop their movement, balancing, riding (scooters, trikes, and bikes) and ball skills. Start taking part in some group activities which they make up for themselves, or in teams.	PSED: Reception Aged Children: Manage their own needs. ELG: Managing Self: Explain the reasons for rules, know right from wrong and try to behave accordingly. ELG: Building Relationships Work and play cooperatively and take turns with others. Physical Development: Reception Aged Children: Revise and refine the fundamental movement skills they have already acquired: - rolling - running - rawning - walking - skipping - kipping - limbing Develop overall body- strength, balance, coordination, and agility needed to engage successfully with future physical education sessions and other physical disciplines, including dance, gymnastics, sport, and swimming. Confidently and safely use a range of large and small apparatus indoors and outdoors, alone and in a group. ELG: Gross Motor Skills: Negotiate space and obstacles safely, with consideration for themselves and others.	Participate in team games, develor and defending.	oping simple tactics for attacking	Play competitive games, modified when	e appropriate and apply basic principle	s suitable for attacking and defending	

Games (Competitive)

Skills

Curriculum

Explore balance and managing own body, including manipulating small objects

- small objects
 Able to stretch, reach, extend in a variety of ways and positions
 Able to control body.
- ways and positions

 Able to control body
 and perform specific
 movements on
 command

Organise and match various items, images, colours and symbols

• Work with a partner to listen, share ideas, question and choose

• Move confidently and cooperatively in space

Move along a pathways/trail with partner. Work with partner to form jumping patterns. Respond to visual cues. Compete as a team to complete an obstacle relay.

Explore a variety of rolling, sliding and slithering.

• Jump using a variety of take offs and landings, moving on and off low

apparatus using hands and feet
• Participate in a variety of small group co-operative activities

Copy and repeat various patterns and actions
• Show an understanding of own feelings and others
• Solve more complex tasks using skills learned
• Work and play

Move along a pathways/trail with partner. Work with partner to form jumping patterns. Respond to visual cues. Compete as a team to complete an obstacle relay.

cooperatively and take turns

Invasion Games:

To practice basic movements, including running, jumping, throwing and catching. • To begin to engage in competitive activities. • To experience opportunities to improve agility, balance and coordination. • To recognise rules and apply them in competitive and cooperative games. • Use and apply simple strategies for invasion games. • Preparing for and explaining the reasons why we enjoy exercise.

Net/Wall games

Able to send an object with increased confidence using hand or bat. • Move towards a moving ball to return it. • Sending and returning a variety of balls/objects such as balloons and beachballs. • Track, intercept and stop a variety of objects such as balls and beanbags. • Select and apply skills to beat the opposition.

Striking and Fielding Games

Able to hit objects with a hand or bat. • Track and retrieve a rolling ball. • Track and retrieve a variety of balls and objects. • Develop sending and receiving skills to benefit fielding as a team. • Distinguish between the roles of batters and fielders. • Introduce the concept of simple tactics.

Invasion Games:

To practice basic movements, including running, jumping, throwing and catching. • To begin to engage in competitive activities. • To experience opportunities to improve agility, balance and coordination. • To recognise rules and apply them in competitive and cooperative games. • Use and apply simple strategies for invasion games. • Preparing for and explaining the reasons why we enjoy exercise.

Net/Wall games

• Be able to track the path of a ball over a net and move towards it • Begin to hit and return a ball using hands and racquets with some consistency • Play modified net/wall games throwing, catching and sending over a net • Be able to make it difficult for their opponent to score a point. • Begin to choose specific tactics appropriate to the situation. • Improve agility and coordination and use in a game

Striking and Fielding Games

To develop hitting skills with a variety of bats. • Practice feeding/bowling skills. • Hit and run to score points in games. • Work on a variety of ways to score runs in the other hit, catch, run games. • Attempt to work as a team to field. • Begin to play the role of wicketkeeper or backstop.

Invasion Games:

To perform some basic invasion games skills, throwing, catching, kicking and dribbling. • To build attacking/offensive play. • Able to show basic control skills, including sending and receiving the ball. • To send the ball with some accuracy to maintain possession and build attacking play. • Able to implement basic rules of modified games, e.g. basketball. • Develop motor skills to handle sticks with ease and improve agility. • Show basic skills to maintain possession. • Use space efficiently to build an attack. • Link skills to perform as a team.

Net/Wall games

Identify and describe some rules of net/wall games. • Serve to begin a game. • Explore forehand hitting. • Play with some understanding of modified court boundaries

Striking and Fielding Games

To be able to adhere to some of the basic rules of cricket of striking and fielding games. • To develop a range of skills to use in isolation and a competitive context. • To use basic skills with more consistency, including striking a bowled ball. • Work cooperatively with others to complete fielding tasks.

Invasion Games:

Show increases confidence and performs with more consistency a selection of basic skills such as dribbling, throwing and shooting . Develop a broader range of ball handling skills . Use footwork rules in a game situation and explore basic marking. • Passing over longer distance. • Moving towards the ball to receive the pass. • Pass and move with the ball as a team to build attacks. • Apply a small range of tactics in a competitive situation. • Demonstrate increased speed and endurance during gameplay. • Evaluating skills, tactics and team play to aid improvement.

Net/Wall games

Explore and use different shots with both the forehand and backhand. • Demonstrate different net/wall skills. • Practise some trick shots in isolation. • Work to return the serve. • Demonstrate different court positions in gameplay.

Striking and Fielding Games

To develop the range of striking and fielding skills they can apply in a competitive context • Choose and use a range of simple tactics in isolation and in a game context. • Consolidate existing skills and apply with consistency. • Strike to ball with intent, use decision making attempt direction

Invasion Games:

Use strength, agility and coordination when defending. Increase power and strength of passes, moving the ball accurately in a variety of situations. • Select and apply a range of tactics and techniques and play with consistency. • To play effectively in a variety of positions and formations on the pitch. • Relate a more significant number of attacking and defensive tactics to gameplay . Become more skilful when performing movements at speed. • Select and apply the appropriate skill in a game situation. • Play effectively as a team in defence, taking individual responsibility for your role.

Net/Wall games

Explore and use different shots with both the forehand and backhand. • Demonstrate different net/wall skills. • Practise some trick shots in isolation. • Work to return the serve. • Demonstrate different court positions in gameplay.

Striking and Fielding Games

Link together a range of skills and use them in combination. • Collaborate with a team to choose, use and adapt rules in games. • Recognise how some aspects of fitness apply to striking and fielding, e.g., power, flexibility, and cardiovascular endurance • Develop retrieving and returning the ball.

Invasion Games:

Apply aspects of fitness to the game such as power, strength. agility and coordination. • Choose and implement a broader range of strategies to nlay defensively and offensively. • Grasp more technical aspects of the game. Observe, recognise and analyse good individual and team performances. • Suggest, plan and lead simple drills for given skills. • Combine and perform more complex skills at speed in games. • Use set plays in game situation and explain when and why they are used • Switch effectively as a team between defence and

Net/Wall games

Develop a broader range of shots. • Begin to select and apply more sophisticated tactics such as netplay and offensive and defensive positioning. • Play with fluency with a partner in doubles/partner scenarios. • Develop backhand shots. • Begin to use full scoring systems • Continue developing doubles play and tactics to improve.

Striking and Fielding Games

Apply consistently standard rules in a variety of different styles of games. • Attempt a small range of shots in isolation and competitive scenarios. • Use a range of tactics for attacking and defending in the role of bowler, batter and fielder.

Balance obstacle course. Work with others to move through hoops, Reach, stretch. retrieve objects. Steps, strides, bounce, hop, bridges and tunnels. Travel over apparatus. Work as an individual and part of a group to match. Keep heart rate high. Travel and follow travel trails as an individual. Work cooperatively to form shapes. Move along a pathways/trail with partner. Work with partner to form jumping patterns. Respond to visual cues. Compete as a team to complete an obstacle

Games (Competitive)

skills

Hub

PE

Twist, turn, roll. Coordinate and control limbs. Run and iump in time to music. Agility, balance, coordination obstacle course. Perform basic actions with others. Move along a pathways/trail with partner. Work with partner to form jumping patterns. Respond to visual cues. Compete as a team to complete an obstacle relay. Play parachute games, Move small objects using dominant and nondominant hand, Push, hit. dribble. Use a baton to steer objects. Roll, spin, rotate, throw and catch hoops.

Invasion Games:

Send to targets. Catch and intercept. Bounce ball to self. Defend a target. Attack and defend as a pair. Communicate with partner. Compete in a basic tournament 2v2.

Net/wall games

Sliding and receiving a ball/beanbag. Explore different ways of sending a ball. Moving towards and returning balls. Scoring points against opposition. Attempt to hit a ball. Basic rally with slow moving objects (balloon). Feeding the ball over a net. Track balls. Develop core strength to send objects from a sitting, kneeling and standing position.

Striking and Fielding Games

Use a range of throwing and rolling skills. Return a ball to a base/zone. Work with others to stop players from scoring runs. Self-feed and hit a ball. Run between bases to score points.

Invasion Games:

Kick with the inside of the foot and stop the ball with your feet. Control a ball.
Bounce the ball to send it.
Bounce a ball to begin to dribble. Throw/send a variety of equipment. Pass and move. Intercepting in a game. Play goalkeeper.

Net/wall games

Identify dominant and nondominant sides. Use basic serving rules in a game. Able to self-feed a ball to a partner using a racquet. Develop agility in isolated challenges. Develop the ready position to receive a ball. Play a variety of roles in a simple game. Throw into space to make it difficult for an opponent to return. Play out a point from a serve.

Striking and Fielding Games

Hit with bats (some still hitting with hands). Use kicking to send a ball and score points. Use underarm bowling. Play as part of a team. Run to 'safety'. Outwit bowler and hot to space. Move inline to stop the ball.

Invasion Games:

General - Dribbling, passing in pairs. Defensive positioning, Building an attack. Finding space to receive the ball. Shot, pass, dribble theory. Basketball -Jump Ball, two handed shot. Defensive body position. Football - Using inside and outside of the foot, trapping. Hockey - Using the flat side of the stick. Close control, preparing to tackle. Handball – Catching ready position. Move correctly with the ball. Attacking formations. Effective hand grip. Lacrosse Underarm and overarm throw. Groundball collection. Shot, pass and run Nethall - Chest shoulder and bounce pass. Dodging to get free. Tag Rugby - Ball handling, Running past defenders. Evading taggers and tag protocol.

Net/wall games

Badminton - Use hard and soft hits. Hit using direction. Return a shuttle. Play using forehand shots, playing to boundaries—rally with a partner. Send and return over a net. Serve using the forehand. Tennis—Ready position. Hit to different areas of the court. Perform a forehand shot. Move towards the ball to return. Serve with some accuracy to targets.

Striking and Fielding Games

General – Bowl with some accuracy and consistency. Use the long barrier to collect a rolling ball/collect and return a moving ball. Cricket – Forward drive into space. Foot placement to hit the ball effectively. Use overarm throw to send ball longer distances. Explore role of wicket keeper. Rounders – Consistently hot one-handed. Use underarm bowling action to bowl a 'good' ball. Selecting the best base to throw to get players out. Introduction to the role of the backstop.

I<mark>nvasion Games:</mark>

General - Passing over longer distances, use some marking techniques and introduce some defending principles. Basketball - Use footwork rules, explore basic marking, cross over dribble, bounce pass, jump shot, triple threat nosition Football - Dribbling in different directions, defensive tackling, front of player and goal side marking. Hockey -Push pass, slap pass, straight dribble, stopping and turning with the ball. Handball -Protecting the ball, basic shooting, 3 man weave, turn on the move. 7m throw. Lacrosse - Following your pass, maintain unopposed possession, short-range shooting, receive and turn. Netball - Protecting the ball, basic shooting, playing within 3rds, 1to1 marking, footwork rules. Tag Rugby - Picking up and running with the ball, correct ball carrying position, keeping possession.

Net/wall games

Badminton - Underarm forehand shot. Overhead/clearance shot. Introducing backhand. Practice racquet handling skills with trick shots. Explain different scoring scenarios. Developing singles play. Tennis – Correct position to return balls. Consistently send forehand to targets. Introduce backhand. Work cooperatively to score points in simple doubles play

Striking and Fielding Games

General – Directing hit to score runs. Attempt to stop a bouncing ground ball with some success. Cricket – Anticipate when to run to score singles. Bowl overarm from a stationary position. Attempt a pull shot in a game. Intercept the ball with one hand. Rounders – Run at speed to avoid being stumped. Play backstop in a small game. Use rounders scoring system. Explain bowling rules. Full and half rounders.

Invasion Games:

General - Combine basic skills with confidence, such as dribbling and shooting. Select and apply appropriate skills in a game situation, Baskethall -Block forward pivot forward pass, push pass, boxing out. Football - Turning with the ball, running with the ball, keeping possession, step over. Hockey -Block tackle, passing in the D, sweep shot, dragging the ball. Handball - Jump shot, closing angles, pivoting to pass, set plays, Netball - Effective bounce pass in a game, use a greater variety of dodging skills, pivot and pass, two-handed shooting. Tag Rugby - Tagging opposition, when to run and when to pass into space, deny space to opponent, pop pass. magic diamond formation, 3 steps and pass technique.

Net/wall games

Badminton - Moving

opposition around the court. Perform forehand long and short serves. Use close control. Develop reaction time. Tennis – Volley shots. Clearing from the back of the court. Different positioning for doubles games. Approach the ball and forehand and backhand. Conditioned games to encourage using different shot types.

Striking and Fielding Games

General – Throw for accuracy over short distances. Recognise where to play. Cricket – Calling for runs with a partner. Start to keep wicket. Attempt bowling with a run-up. Forward defensive shot. Setting a field. Rounders – Body position to catch a ball to stump players out. Apply backwards hit rule, attempt to catch a backward hit. Distinguish between deep and close fielding.

Invasion Games:

General - Compare performances. Comprehend and show why a player with the ball should keep moving or be ready to pass quickly in Netball, Basketball - Fast break, retreat dribble, free throw rules, L-cut, v-cut, Pin down. Football - Setting up others to shoot, denying space, covering defender, penalty shooting, goalkeeping, close control knee, chest, Hockey -Shooting from close range, long corners, goal-side marking, self-pass rule, channelling the opposition. Handball - Screening organisation around the D dribbling with precision in game, utilising space. Netball -Double bounce rule, marking to pass or shoot, organisation around the D, rebounds as attacker and defender, knocking the ball away. Tag rugby - Set play for attacking, 'take the distance, not the time' and 'spaces, not faces'

Net/wall games

Badminton – Drop and smash shot. Drop shot and recover. Use quick reactions for confident netplay. Offensive court positioning. Defensive formations for doubles. Tennis - Introduce the lob.
Communication in doubles play. Two-handed backhand shot. Use full rules for modified tennis games. Use doubles tactics and court positioning effectively in competition.

Striking and Fielding Games

General – Demonstrate urgency when acquiring runs/rounders. Track and catch high balls. Work in pairs to field a long ball. Cricket – Fielding positions, slip, short leg and cover. Bowling short. On and off drive. Rounders – Play using standard rounders pitch layout. Bowling a fast ball. Play tactically to avoid overtaking teammates.

The control of the co	Send to targets. Catch and stereogt. Catch and stereogt. Hollings to target accurate, carche, catch,	Up or vertical transpiration Invalded of their Schleing. Strapping the ball with the floot, Controlling the ball with the floot, Controlling the ball to send. Stranspiration of their stranspiration of their stranspiration Stranspiration of their stranspiration of their stranspiration Stranspiration of their stranspir	Key Vocabulary/Skills Dribbling Control, bounce, shoot, Passing in pairs Larget, assist, jump ball, attack, defend, shoot, offensive. Jump Ball Basic two-handed shot	Ton orceshary/filelia Protesting the ball. Basic shooting technique. 3 man weeze. Jaman Ja	Any secondarion fails to the state of the secondarion fails to the state of the secondarion fails to the secondarion fails of the secondarion fail	Non yeochster/sichille Counterateix varier for break Retere dräße. Free three nice. Free three nice. Green g
Control and conclusion limits. Sharway is jumping in most, Add. consol course. Parliam basic actions with others, Parliam basic actions with other ba	Recogniting changes to body during exercise. Move to defend goals, during bound body to set. Bounce ball to setf. Communicating in a pair.	Moving after passing. speed, direction, scoring, Pass and move forwards. controlling, Controlling, following,		7 majore Cinone.	movement.	Rounders
	Defensive positioning.	Intercepting in a game situation. Intercepting in a game situation. Send and Return	Handball key Vocabulary/Skills Catching ready position. Shoot, defend, attack, block, run, control, catch, pass, catch, pass,	Deb Ke LUGIII Key Vocabusy/Skillis Agely pressure in a defender Consover dribble Enter Cons	Handball Key Vice a bulley false in Practice and stempt Jump shot. Closing angles as gasileoper. Closing angles as gasileoper. Use offensive dribbiling. Pivoting to make successful passes. When How,	Antemper attacking bouring. Antemper attacking bouring. Antemper attacking bouring. Cardining a high bull to get players out. Using the faster bull to deceive batters. Predict, place, Working as pain to fall al long bull asree, Employ base narving tactics. Usacking.
Communities of griffy to a variety of grimes. Recognize and foliation relations: Experiment of griffier or during and whenty greations. See control to take part of performs actions. Fine green, taking trees. How to york you trees, Indeed, to york you cannot be a perform actions. Fine green, taking trees. How to yorking controlling and investige. Joseph Carlot See and See	Send and Return Side year framining shall feetings Galley year framining shall feetings Galley year framining shall feetings Galley year of smoley about, Moning to smooth and returning balls. Moning to smooth and returning balls. Konding points, sparley of positions. Counting points, sparley of positions. Family to the part of positions. Family to the part of positions. Family to the part of positions. But a surfact of movements to track balls. Family to the year. Count body and counts on more different positions. Family to the year. Food so years. Count body and counts on more different positions. Food So years.	The government invaries the path of the ball. Given, the contract state of the contract	Moving with the ball. teamwork, score, handball, and tracrepting is mall sided game. Attacking positions. Hockey Key Vocasudary/Skills Flat side of the stick. block, run, control, pall carrier. proceive, pass, proceive, proceive	Cricket Tary government of the first control to come and the first control to cont	Tag Rugby Insprisocializary Statio Resurring and passing accountably Perspress Perspress User Stationary Organization Contest, Resurring and passing accountably Perspress Organization Orlence, formation.	Tag Rugby Microconstruction to the basis Septime for method to the basis Septime for method to the basis Septime for method to the form. Septem net faces principle. Septem net faces pr
Cooperate and Solve Problems The second of	Send objects, stitrus, investing, distancing. Work as part of a team to score points. Hit, Catch and Run Buy verameter jacks Use a range of terming and rolling dalls. Beturn the ball back to base/zone.	Fitty out point from serve. Fitty using attacking oftens. Hit, Catch and Run Comment of the serve of the	Preparing to tackle. Moving into space to receive. Rounders Roy Versionary Valle. Technical as contracted to a failed. Technical as contracted to the state of the state	Hockey Way Woodshary Pikalis Flow's Parks Control, use space, distrod, attack, Straight Debble, Stopping the ball. Step Parks Turning with the ball.	Cricket Registrationary (Ministration Sect up (Ministration) Sect up (Ministration) Sect up (Ministration on Indigens out, Anticepating the rise of the Newton Lossification), Falled Ministration Section (Ministration on Ministration) Section (Ministration on Ministration Section (Ministration on Ministration on Mini	Handball Way Screenings 19-his Conditioned games. Conditioned games. Conditioned games. Conditioned games. Conditioned games. Control, use space, corren, skill selection, conditioned games, specpetate, Conditioned games, Conditioned
Transiting and travel train. (Most compositively to construct of separation of separa	scoring at 150, 1870, 18	Field to catch and throat to transmiss. White poper of a term to field and in the disclosed, with property of the disclosed, and the disclosed of the disclose	One-handed histury. flooler, minings, no ball, Collect and return a moving ball. batting box backstop, Throw over longer distances. curders, half rounders. Cricket Kry Yoca bullary/Skillts Forward drive into space. Batting, fielding,	Tennis Total and the state of	Basketball Way Vecabulary Shilling Blocking, pilot, Blocking pilot, Formed Pott Rein Rein Rein Rein Rein Rein Rein Rein	Cricket King Youckadewy/Nahina Demonstrate ungeney in anzujuring runs. Tracking & catching a high hall. Using the whore blat to entry players for blat high. White has pains to field long balls. Assempt an on drive.
Manipulation and Coordination Co-ordination for to carry at different encounters and actions. Supposition recovering with shall believe the state of the state	Attempt to catch a ball that has been hit in the action of the act.		Someware Solie Consense Solie	Rounders To you excludely like the treasuring occuracy Throw and cold the bin braseauly accuracy fin an stoped to avoid being stupped rod. The transport binks for boy man in game. Fitsy in backstop a small game shutton. Fitsy in a game using rounders scoring systems.	Rounders May successionly placinic Apply role of the game consistently. Power, consistently, Optimal base governormy. Following the gath of the ball. Applying belows his rule. Full at with some awareness of batters' strongths. Applying the service his rule. Full at with some awareness of batters' strongths.	Badminton May low-barygridini Free year of the badded shaded sh
	Programma Prog	Section of the control to the good and perform actions.	Section of the property of profession and control to provide the property of	Second control to the good performer action. Second control to the g	The control of they are informed matters. The control of they are informed matters. The control of the problem of the control of the contro	Control and the production and control and control and control and control and control and control a

Progressive PE Areas										
	Nursery Reception /	Yr1	Yr2	Yr3	Yr4	Yr5	Yr6			
Statutory Curriculum Statements	Physical Development: Birth to three: Roll over: from front to back, then back to front. Begin to crawl in different ways and directions. Gradually gain control of their whole body through continual practice of large movements, such as waving, kicking, rolling, crawling, and walking 3- and 4-Year-Dolds: Continue to develop their movement, balancing, riding (scoots, trikes, and bikes) and ball skills. Skip, hop, stand on one leg and hold a pose for a game like musical statues. Are increasingly able to use and refine the fundamental movements, balance, combine develop their movement, balancing, riding (scoots, trikes, and bikes) and ball skills. Skip, hop, stand on one leg and hold a pose for a game like musical statues. Are increasingly able to use and patterns of music that are related to music and rhythm.	y n h	Master basic movements as well as developing balance, agility, and coordination.	Develop flexibility, strength, technique, control, and balance. Compare their performances with previous ones and demonstrate improvement to achieve their personal best.	Develop flexibility, strength, technique, control, and balance. Compare their performances with previous ones and demonstrate improvement to achieve their personal best.	Develop flexibility, strength, technique, control, and balance. Compare their performances with previous ones and demonstrate improvement to achieve their personal best.	Develop flexibility, strength, technique, control, and balance. Compare their performances with previous ones and demonstrate improvement to achieve their personal best.			

Gymnastics	Curriculum Skills	To develop confidence in fundamental movements • To experience jumping, sliding, rolling, moving over, under and on apparatus • To develop coordination and gross motor skills	To develop confidence in fundamental movements • To experience jumping, sliding, rolling, moving over, under and on apparatus • To develop coordination and gross motor skills	Identify and use simple gymnastics actions and shapes. • Apply basic strength to a range of gymnastics actions. • Begin to carry simple apparatus such as mats and benches. • To recognise 'like' actions and link them. • To perform a variety of basic gymnastics actions showing control. • To introduce turn, twist, spin, rock and roll and link these into movement patterns. • To perform longer movement phrases and link with confidence.	Describe and explain how performers can transition and link gymnastic elements. Perform with control and consistency basic actions at different speeds and on different levels. Challenge themselves to develop strength and flexibility. Create and perform a simple sequence that is judged using simple gymnastic scoring. Develop body management through a range of floor exercises. Use core strength to link recognised gymnastics elements, e.g., back support and half twist. Attempt to use rhythm while performing a sequence.	Describe and explain how performers can transition and link gymnastic elements. Perform with control and consistency basic actions at different speeds and on different levels. Challenge themselves to develop strength and flexibility. Create and perform a simple sequence that is judged using simple gymnastic scoring. Develop body management through a range of floor exercises. Use core strength to link recognised gymnastics elements, e.g., back support and half twist. Attempt to use rhythm while performing a sequence.	To become increasingly competent and confident to perform skills more consistently. • Able to perform in time with a partner and group. • Independently use compositional ideas in sequences such as changes in height, speed and direction. • Develop an increased range of body actions and shapes to include in a sequence. • Define muscles groups needed to support the core of their body. • Refine taking weight on small and large body parts, for example, hand and shoulder	To become increasingly competent and confident to perform skills more consistently. • Able to perform in time with a partner and group. • Independently use compositional ideas in sequences such as changes in height, speed and direction. • Develop an increased range of body actions and shapes to include in a sequence. • Define muscles groups needed to support the core of their body. • Refine taking weight on small and large body parts, for example, hand and shoulder	Lead group warm-up showing understanding for the need for strength and flexibility. • Demonstrate accuracy, consistency, and clarity of movement. • Work independently and in small groups to make up your own sequences. • Arrange own apparatus to enhance work and vary compositional ideas. • Experience flight on and off of high apparatus. • Perform increasingly complex sequences. • Combine your ideas with others to build sequences. • Compose and practise actions and relate to music. • Show a desire to improve across a broad range of gymnastics actions.
	PE HUB Scheme	Adapt instructions to physical actions. Develop take-off and landing position for jumps. Transferring and moving small equipment. Moving through and under apparatus. Copying and repeating actions.	Refines shapes and jumps to improve coordination. Experiment with egg & log roll. Recognise pathways and direction. Points and patches to develop body tension. Link basic movements and use start and finish position.	Carry equipment safely. Perform magic chair landing. Explore body tension—linking movements. Rock, spin, turn. Move on, off and over.	Carry equipment safely. Perform magic chair landing. Explore body tension—linking movements. Rock, spin, turn. Move on, off and over.	Contrasting shapes, body control when rolling. Partner unison. Patterns. Fluency in movement. Half lever. Bouncing, smooth transitions and extension.	Contrasting shapes, body control when rolling. Partner unison. Patterns. Fluency in movement. Half lever. Bouncing, smooth transitions and extension.	Symmetry & asymmetry. Perform counterbalances. Round off progressions. Linking cartwheels & roundoffs. Performing pathways. Devising warm-ups.	Prepare for vaulting. Dismounting from height. Flight in unison & cannon. Use music. Create group patterns. Entrance and relationships to one another. Use stimuli such as ribbons and hoops.
Gymnastics	Key Vocabulary	Balance Hold Move	Survey westeranses provided in Survey was an angle proper servey. Survey seems of the survey was a survey was	Bedieved veget and alternative to the first ordinate and alternative t	Registration and separation of the separation of	See the second s	Key Vocabulary/skills Change in speed. Control, group, similar, Step. different, direction, Cartwheel progressions. compositional, stamins, Composition ideas. progression. Key Vocabulary/skille Weighted travel. Tension, travelling Stoudder rolls. Shoulder rolls. Shoulder rolls. gage, core, stabilise. Fingsing the core. gage, core, stabilise. Flow in sequences.	Key Vocabulary/skills Symmetry, asymmetry, sequences, combinations, direction, speed, partner, asymmetrical, symmetrical, symmetrical, symmetrical, symmetrical, symmetrical, symmetrical, symmetrical, etherology	Leg-voxelability/Saltie Preparing for wailting Communiting Localization Pright using partition and cannon. Introduction of music feee/of for unit 20. Introduction of music feee/of for unit 21. Introduction of music feee/of for unit 21.

					Progressive	essive PE Areas						
		Nursery	Reception / F2	Yr1	Yr2	Yr3			Yr5	Yr6		
	Statutory Curriculum Statements					Swim competently, confidently, and Use a range of strokes effectively. Perform safe self-rescue in different						
Swimming	Curriculum Skills					Perform safe self-rescue in different Swim competently, confidently, and Use a range of strokes effectively, fo Beginners Swim short distances unaided between using one consistent stroke. Propel themselves over longer distance assistance of swimming aids. Move with more confidence in the wat submerging themselves fully. Enter and exit the water independently	proficiently over example, fron 5 & 20 metres es with the er, including	er a distance of at least 25 metres	uding •	Advanced Bring control and fluency to at least two recognised strokes. Implement good breathing techniques to allow for smooth stroke patterns. Attempt personal survival techniques as an individual and group with success. Link lengths together with turns and attempt tumble turn in isolation and during a stroke.		
	3					Beginners Pulling and pushing. Stabilising - feet upright off the ground Submerging. Prone float. Supine float. Leg action on back. Push, glide, turn. Doggy paddle. The transition from glide to stroke.	i	Intermediate Jump in from the side of the pool and subme Sink and roll. Front crawl legs. Surface dive. Linking 3 different types of floating techniqu Breastroke legs. Somersault in water. Sculling face in the water. Kicking while submerged.	s	Advanced Relay change over. Mushroom float. Partner support. Crouching dive. Surface dive. Treading water. Tumble turn/tumble underwater. Combining fluent breastroke arm and leg technique. Head out entry to water		
	Vocabulary					Key Vocabulary/Skills Pulling and pushing. Stabilising - feet upright off the ground. Submerging. Prone float. Supine float. Leg action on back. Push, glide, turn. Doggy paddle. Transition from glide to stoke. Key Vocabulary/Skills Relay change over.	Swim, kick, front, back, arms, legs, lie on front back, breath, splash, sculling, doggy paddle, prone, supine, gilde, stroke, float, pace.	Key Vocabulary/Skills Jump in from side and submerge. Sink and roll. Front crawl legs. Surface dive. Linking three floats. Breaststroke legs. Somersault in water. Sculling face in water. Kicking while submerged.	Breath, rotate, submerge, sink, float, sculling, breaststroke, glide, surface dive, jump, on top of the water, underwater, front crawl.			
	Кеу Vос					Mushroom float. Partner support. Crouching dive. Surface dive. Treading water. Tumble underwater. Fluent breastroke arm technique. Head up entry to water.	back crawl, front crawl, breaststroke, compete, improve, challenge, personal survival, treading, crouching.					

					Progressiv	e PE Areas			
vity		Nursery	Reception / F2	Yr1	Yr2	Yr3	Yr4	Yr5	Yr6
Adventurous Activity	NC Curriculum Statements					Take part in outdoor and adventur	ous activity challenges both individually and v	within a team.	
Outdoor and	Curriculum Skills			Use thinking skills to follow multi-step instructions. • Solve more challenging problems as an individual. • Comprehend that one thing can represent another. • Take part in activities with increasing challenge to build confidence	Use searching skills to find given items from clues and pictures. • Work as a pair to navigate space. • Use and explore unusual equipment to develop coordination, • problem-solving and motor skills	Work with others to solve problems. • Describe their work and use different strategies to solve problems. • Lead others and be led • Differentiate between when a task is competitive and when it is collaborative.	Work well in a team or group within defined and understood roles. • Plan and refine strategies to solve problems. • Identify the relevance of and use maps, compass and symbols. • Identify what they do well and suggest what they could do to improve	Explore ways of communicating in a range of challenging activities. • Navigate and solve problems from memory. • Develop and use trust to complete the task and perform under pressure.	Use the information given by others to complete tasks and work collaboratively. • Undertake more complex tasks. • Take responsibility for a role in a task. • Use knowledge of PE and physical activities to suggest design ideas & amendments to games
Outdoor and	PE Hub skills			Follow simple instructions. Recognise, remember, and match some symbols. Perform physically challenging actions. Follow a movement pattern with others. Take part in competitive races and work with a partner. Undertake simple speed stack arrangements.	Use equipment in unconventional ways. Build on speed stack skills. Compose a small group movement pattern. Participate in blindfold activities. Introduce the principle of map keys and use them.	Use non-verbal communication effectively. Develop further simple map reading skills. Respond to and resolve problems as a team. Participate in trust activities. Plan a route map	Recognise compass points. Use a compass. Follow a course. Work cooperatively with a partner to follow a map and solve problems. Recognise a range of standard map symbols. Evaluate their own success.	Use memory and recall skills. Work at maximum physical capacity, e.g., when running. Use control cards. Perform under pressure. Perform safely and with control. Classify and interpret simple morse code.	Follow and orient a map. Identify objects in a scavenger hunt. Perform complex group pyramid balances. Tie a reef knot. Design your own game using, refining, and adapting group ideas.

	Key Vocabulary Climb Hunt Explore Balance Reach	Hunt Felore See See See See See See See See See S	th symbols instructions, perform, symbol, pyramid, stacking, up stack, one spramid community, and properly an	Per montanyaman San Seria. S	Kery Necodation (2018) Maps, diagrams,	Key Vocabulary/Skills Recognising compass points. Using a compass. Following a course. Common map symbols. Sprint orienteering. Challenges, problem-solving, lead, follow, plan, trust, solve, cardinal points, success.	for you considerate years of the consideration of t	key vocasolanji Nikili Falkou and rohr za map. Meletiv y objecti in rocenerge him. Pyrami blastnero; Te a reef krod. Game design. struk, crient.
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Sutton Road Overview:

	AUTUMN 1	AUTUMN 2	SPRING 1	SPRING 2	SUMMER 1	SUMMER 2
Reception	Unit 1	Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 2
	Body Management	Cooperate & Solve Problems	Dance	Gymnastics	Manipulation & Coordination	Speed Agility Travel
Rece	Unit 1	Unit 1	Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 2	Unit 2
	Speed Agility Travel	Dance	Manipulation & Coordination	Cooperate & Solve Problems	Gymnastics	Body Management
L.	Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 1	OAA	Unit 1	Unit 2
	Run Jump Throw	Dance	Gymnastics	Year 1	Attack Defend Shoot	Hit Catch Run
Year	Unit 1	Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 2
	Dance	Send & Return	Run Jump Throw	Hit Catch Run	Gymnastics	Attack Defend Shoot
12	Unit 1	Unit 1	Unit 2	OAA	Unit 2	Unit 2
	Attack Defend Shoot	Dance	Dance	Year 2	Attack Defend Shoot	Send & Return
Year	Unit 1	Unit 1	Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 2	Unit 2
	Gymnastics	Send & Return	Hit Catch Run	Gymnastics	Hit Catch Run	Run Jump Throw
5	Unit 1	Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 2	OAA	Tennis
	Dance	Gymnastics	Dance	Gymnastics	Year 3	Year 3
Year	Basketball	Handball	Hockey	Rounders	Cricket	Athletics
	Year 3	Year 3	Year 3	Year 3	Year 3	Year 3
4	Unit 1	Unit 1	Unit 2	Tennis	Unit 2	OAA
	Dance	Gymnastics	Gymnastics	Year 4	Dance	Year 4
Year	Handball	Basketball	Cricket	Hockey	Athletics	Rounders
	Year 4	Year 4	Year 4	Year 4	Year 4	Year 4
τ.	OAA	Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 1	Unit 2	Badminton
	Year 5	Dance	Dance	Gymnastics	Gymnastics	Year 5
Year	Rounders	Athletics	Basketball	Cricket	Tag Rugby	Handball
	Year 5	Year 5	Year 5	Year 5	Year 5	Year S
9	Badminton	OAA	Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 1	Unit 2
	Year 6	Year 6	Gymnastics	Dance	Gymnastics	Gymnastics
Year	Cricket	Handball	Tag Rugby	Rounders	Athletics	Basketball
	Year 6	Year 6	Year 6	Year 6	Year 6	Year 6

Holgate Overview: